

Conquer And Govern Early Chinese Military Texts From The Yi Zhou Shu

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1 Conquer and Govern: Wen and Wu as a Conceptual Pair in Classical Chinese Thought (pp. 13-39) The Zhou conquest over the Shang dynasty is arguably the single most important historical event portrayed in classical and preclassical Chinese texts.

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Conquer and govern : wen and wu as a conceptual pair in classical Chinese thought --Righteous warfare : laying siege to an enemy in disorder --Introduction to the Yi Zhou shu : its transmission and reception --Translation and study of the military chapters of the Yi Zhou shu --Dating and language of the military chapters of the Yi Zhou shu.

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Conquer and govern : early Chinese military texts from the Yi Zhou shu. [Robin McNeal] -- China's Warring States era (ca. 5th-3rd century BCE) was the setting for an explosion of textual production, and one of the most sophisticated and enduring genres of writing from this period was the ...

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In addition, this study presents a careful reconstruction of the poetic structure of these texts; analyzes their place in the broader discourse on warfare and governance in early China; introduces the many text historical problems of the Yi Zhou shu itself; and offers a synthetic analysis of early Chinese thinking about warfare, strategy, and the early state's use of coercive power. Conquer and Govern will find a ready audience among specialists and students of Chinese philosophy and ...

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Conquer and Govern: Early Chinese Military Texts from the Yi Zhou shu. By Robin McNeal. (Honolulu: University of Hawai'i Press, 2012. Pp. viii, 246. \$48.00.) A handful of early Chinese texts - among them Sunzi's Art of War and the Analects of Confucius - are frequently translated and have attracted much attention from

Conquer and govern: early Chinese military texts from the ...

In 1644 a rebel leader, Li Zicheng, captured Beijing, and the local Ming military commander requested aid from the Manchu tribal peoples who had been encroaching on China's northern borders. The Manchu drove out Li Zicheng and then remained, establishing the Qing dynasty.

Ming dynasty | Dates, Achievements, Culture, & Facts ...

Conquer and Govern: Early Chinese Military Texts from the Yi Zhou shu. University of Hawaii Press, June, 2012. "Spatial Models of the State in Early Chinese Texts: Tribute Networks and the Articulation of Power and Authority in Shangshu 商書 "Yu gong" 虞公 and Yi Zhou shu 易周書 "Wang hui" 王會" in Origins of Chinese Political Thought: Studies in the Classic of Documents, Martin Kern ...

Robin McNeal | Department of Asian Studies Cornell Arts

...

The most illustrative examples are those of the Mongols, who conquer China and establish the Yuan dynasty (1279-1368 CE), and of the Manchus, who again conquer China and establish the last dynasty, the Qing, that rules for 300 years (1644-1911 CE).

4000 BCE-1000 CE: The Early Chinese Empire: The Qin and ...

The Southward expansion of the Han dynasty was a series of Chinese military campaigns and expeditions in what is now modern Southern China and Northern Vietnam. Military expansion to the south began under the previous Qin dynasty and continued during the Han era. Campaigns were dispatched to conquer the Yue tribes, leading to the annexation of Minyue

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by the Han in 135 BC and 111 BC, Nanyue in 111 BC, and Dian in 109 BC. Han Chinese culture took root into the newly conquered territories and the B

Southward expansion of the Han dynasty - Wikipedia

The Song Dynasty (960–1279) was a period of technological advances and prosperity, preceded by the fractured Five Dynasties and Ten Kingdoms Period (906–960) and succeeded by the Mongol-led Yuan Dynasty (1279–1368). It coexisted with the Liao Dynasty (907–1125) in the northeast and the Western Xia Dynasty (1038–1227) in the northwest.

The Song Dynasty (960–1279): China History and Culture

China was once ruled by a long line of emperors. The last emperor was overthrown in 1912 and China became a republic. But China was weak and had many internal issues. In 1949 the Nationalist government was exiled to Taiwan after communists led by Mao Zedong overthrew them.

China (Tiberium) | Command and Conquer Wiki | Fandom

The Seven Military Classics (traditional Chinese: 孫子兵法; simplified Chinese: 孙子兵法; pinyin: Wǔjīngqīshū; Wade-Giles: Wu ching ch'i shu) were seven important military texts of ancient China, which also included Sun-tzu's The Art of War. The texts were canonized under this name during the 11th century AD, and from the time of the Song dynasty, were included in most military ...

Seven Military Classics - Wikipedia

Guangwu, in reclaiming lands lost under the Xin Dynasty, was forced to spend much of his time putting down rebellions and re-establishing Chinese rule in the regions of modern-day Korea and Vietnam.

Ancient China - Ancient History Encyclopedia

As in all regions conquered by the Chinese during the Han dynasty (206 bce –221 ce, with a brief interruption in 8–23 ce), the establishment of direct Chinese rule was accompanied by efforts to transform the people of the Red River delta into Chinese.

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Vietnam - Vietnam under Chinese rule | Britannica

The Mongols in China What was the Mongols' Influence on China? Until about 20 years ago, most scholars of Mongol-era China emphasized the destructive influence of Mongol rule. One major scholar of Chinese history even wrote: "The Mongols brought violence and destruction to all aspects of China's civilization."

Mongols in World History | Asia for Educators

Hisson Ogodei conquered all of North China by 1234 and ruled it from 1229 to 1241. Genghis Khan's grandson, Kublai Khan, defeated the Chinese Southern Song in 1279, and for the first time all of China was under foreign rule. In 1271 Kublai Khan named his dynasty Yuan which means "origin of the universe."

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